# CLA 201 Practice Test I

#### I. ARTICLE QUESTIONS

- 1. Which of the following languages are *not* an immediate source of English anatomical terminology, according to Turmezei (2012)?
  - a. Latin and Greek
  - b. Arabic
  - c. Hittite
  - d. Middle Dutch
  - e. Old English

#### Answer: c.

- 2. What is a *suffix*?
  - a. a stem adjoined to a root in order to produce a mitochondrion
  - b. a morpheme added at the end of a word to form a derivative
  - c. an element placed at the beginning of a word to adjust or qualify its meaning

### Answer: b.

- 3. Which of the following is the singular form of the word *phenomena*?
  - a. phenomene
  - b. phenomenon
  - c. phenomena
  - d. phenomenia
  - e. phenomenona

### Answer: b.

## II. DISSECT

Analyse the following words and give the meanings of the elements. E.g. *dissection*: dis/sect/ion = apart from / cut / action suffix.

1. allochiria

allo/chir/ia, other or different/hand/quality or condition = 3 marks

2. protagonist

prot/agon/ist, first/contest/agent = 3 marks

3. parabolic

para/bol/ic, by the side of/a throw/pertaining to, like = 3 marks

4. epidermoid

epi/derm/oid, upon or on/skin/in the shape of = 3 marks

5. dichromatism

di/chromat/ism, twice/colour/result of action, condition = 3 marks

6. anaesthetize

an/aesthet/ize, not/feeling/to do = 3 marks

#### III. MATCH

Indicate the correct definition of the following words and provide their Greek and Latin roots, with translations.

- 1. hydrotropism
  - a. absence of the sense of smell
  - b. response to stimulus of water
  - c. inflammation of the urinary bladder

Derivation:

Answer: b, hydro/trop/ism water/turn/condition of (4 points)

- 2. malacology
  - a. the branch of zoology that deals with molluscs
  - b. the branch of zoology that deals with the malacca
  - c. the branch of biology that deals with the relations of malachites to their surroundings

Derivation:

Answer: a, malaco/logy, soft/science of (3 points)

- 3. laparoscopy
  - a. a surgical incision into the abdominal cavity, for diagnosis or in preparation for major surgery
  - b. a low caesarian section
  - c. a surgical procedure in which a fibre-optic instrument is inserted through the abdominal wall to view the organs in the abdomen

Derivation:

Answer: c, laparo/scopy, abdomen/to view

#### IV. DEFINE

Provide the definition of the following Greek stems.

- 1. ENNE(A)-
- -Answer: 'nine'
- 2. PTO-

Answer: 'to fall'

3. -idium

Answer: 'little'

- 4. ISCH-
- 'to suppress'
- 5. LIP- 'fat'
- 6. THANAT-

'death'

- 7. BLEPHAR- 'eyelid'
- 8. CHEIL-, CHIL-

'lip'

- 9. CHRON-'time'
- 10. -plasty 'formation', 'plastic surgical operation'
- 11. KINE- (CINE-) 'to move'
- 12. ENTER- 'intestine'
- 13. ERG-'work'
- 14. BLEP- 'to see'
- 15. LAL- 'to talk'
- 16. LEI- 'smooth'
- 17. HYPN- 'sleep'
- 18. OLIG-: 'few', 'scanty'
- 19. ICHTHY-: 'fish'
- 20. MEN-: 'moon', 'menstruation'

## V. TRANSLITERATE

Rewrite the following	Greek words usinş	g the English	alphabet.
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1. ἀνατομία

# anatomia

2. Άσία

# Asia

3. ἄλφα

# alpha

4. ἱστορία

# historia

5. βίος

bios